“So, when are you hannouncing?” he asked me.
I loved talking with—and listening to—Rabbi Kret. There were superficial reasons for this: As a wheelchair user accustomed to speaking to people’s stomachs, I found it a pleasure to converse with Rabbi Jacob Kret, who measured little over five feet tall. Talking with him meant never having to strain to gaze at his face. And as a wordsmith, I was amused by his fractured English (in one sermon, he referred to a telescope as a microphone) and counter-Cockney accent (or, as he would have called it, haccent).

But more important reasons abounded. Chief among them was the simple fact that he loved me. He never said so, but his smile was a dead giveaway. And his smile was ever-present from the moment my husband-to-be, soon after we began dating, introduced us on February 26, 1983. (He asked when we were hannouncing eight weeks later.)

“The Krets’ hospitality taught me a fundamental truth: Some people have everything and give nothing; others have nothing and give everything.”

That smile embraced everyone who crossed Rabbi Kret’s path. For nearly half a century, that path led to and from his hole-in-the-wall synagogue in Harlem, Manhattan’s predominantly black neighborhood.

In 1923, when Congregation Chevra Talmud Torah Anshei Ma’aravi (The Torah Study Society of the People of the West [Side]) settled on Old Broadway, a narrow lane just off 125th Street, Harlem was America’s second-largest Jewish community. But when Rabbi Kret became its spiritual leader in 1950, he struggled mightily just to round up a minyan, or quorum of ten men, for services. His smile never left him. He was happy to be alive.

An eyewitness to World War II (and World War I, for that matter), Rabbi Kret lost his parents and all of his siblings—in fact, over 120 close relatives—to Hitler’s henchmen. A brilliant Talmudic scholar, he shepherded his Polish yeshivah eastward, always one step ahead of the Nazis’ claws. In 1940, he was imprisoned and sent to a forced labor camp by the Soviet authorities. Standing under a makeshift chuppah in Siberia, he and his bride, Chana, were eternally grateful for the one wedding gift they received: an unbroken matzah. In a 1980 New York Times article, Rabbi Kret had this to say: “I could almost see, with my own hand, I could almost feel, the presence of God on me.”

I’d venture that thousands of Rabbi Kret’s congregants (at what everyone called the Old Broadway Synagogue or just “Rabbi Kret’s”) had the same thing to say about him. Some,
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like him, were Holocaust survivors. A few were converts to Judaism. Most were students from Columbia University, Barnard College or the Jewish Theological Seminary (JTS). All were touched by his faith in God—and in them.

Rabbi Hanan Balk of Cincinnati’s Congregation Agudas Israel was an undergraduate at Columbia and JTS when he met Rabbi Kret in 1976. “Up at Columbia,” he recalls, “I was often surrounded by intellectuals who prided themselves on—and judged others by—their youth and vocabulary. Rabbi Kret, almost seventy, with his thick accent and broken English, was so pure that he disarmed them all. They flocked to him. ‘It wasn’t so easy being Rabbi Kret’s president. Let me tell you about our biggest battle. Every other year, I would say, ‘Rabbi Kret, it’s time for a raise.’ He’d say, ‘What are you talking about, a raise? The shul can’t afford a raise.’ I would say, ‘Rabbi Kret, you’re not making that much money. You deserve a raise.’ And he would answer, ‘A raise? You’re going to give me a raise? And then Mrs. Kret and I will have to knock on every- one’s door to raise money for my raise?’ Then he would look me in the eye and say, ‘Jacob, tut mir nisht kein toives [don’t do me any favors].’”

Dr. Michael Kaplowitz, a New York-based psychiatrist, remembers that apartment, often filled to overflowing with guests. Somehow, its walls—and its occupants’ shoestring budget—stretched. “The Krets’ hospitality,” he asserts, “taught me a fundamental truth: Some people have everything and give nothing; others have nothing and give everything.”

Dr. Kaplowitz approached Rabbi Kret for clarification. “He calmly stated that this was absolute heresy. ‘But your views might cost you your job,’ I gasped. ‘You work for him!’ Rabbi Kret looked me straight in the eye, smiled and said, ‘I know Who I work for.’”

At the Old Broadway Synagogue, a stone’s throw from JTS, Biblical criticism couldn’t hold a candle to Rabbi Kret’s story-laden sermons. Sheila Rubin, who met Rabbi Kret in 1968 during her freshman year at Barnard, fondly recalls this parable:

“Late one night in a Polish village, there was a desperate knock at the rabbi’s door. In walked the wealthy Reb Levi, tears streaming down his face. ‘Rabbi, my son is very sick. The doctors say there’s no hope!’”

“Reb Levi,” said the rabbi, “go home to your son. I’ll gather the townspeople on my way to shul and we’ll pray for his complete recovery.”

As he made his way toward the synagogue, the rabbi saw that the streets were deserted; only the goyim (robbers) were up and about. So he called to
them by name: "Avram! Shimon! Moishe! Mottel! Come with me to shul!"

In the morning, an elated Reb Levi burst through the rabbi’s door. “Rabbi, it’s a miracle! My son is cured! Please, I want to thank all those who prayed for him.” When Reb Levi saw Avram, Shimon, Moishe and Mottel, he was shocked. “Rabbi, I’m the richest man in town and these good-for-nothings are the ones you chose to plead with God?”

“Ah, Reb Levi,” the rabbi replied. “Don’t you see? The gates of heaven were locked. Who knows how to pick a lock? Ganovim!”

“The moral is pure Rabbi Kret,” Rubin asserts. “Everybody has worth. We shouldn’t judge anybody.”

Norman Kret, Rabbi Kret’s son, points to what some might view as a paradox. “From his youth, my father was firmly grounded in the Novardok school of thought, a musar philosophy that demanded constant self-scrutiny. But at Old Broadway, Papa never scrutinized anybody, except to pour love upon them. He was the most subtle kiruv worker—without specific intention to be mekarev.

Avi Terry, close with Rabbi Kret since 1976, witnessed that unconditional love time and again. “One Yom Kippur, a secular man walked into Old Broadway wearing a khaki-colored safari shirt and shorts. Rabbi Kret wandered off the bimah and greeted the guy with his signature smile. So many synagogues would have shown him the door.”

Like Rubin, Terry shul-hopped all over New York’s Upper West Side, but after meeting Rabbi Kret, he had found his place. Old Broadway Synagogue was such an attraction that he trekked to it from his West Ninety-Seventh Street apartment. Even blizzards could not keep him away. Neither could Rabbi Kret’s retirement at the age of eighty-eight; from 1997, Terry regularly took the longer trek to the Krets’ new apartment on the Lower East Side. “Rabbi Kret was a one-man operation,” he chuckles. “He led the prayer service, chanted the Torah portion, blew the shofar, delivered the sermons. After he retired, it seems like it took twenty people to do all that he did alone.”

Terry adds, “He paskened [rendered halachic decisions] according to the individual. He looked into each person’s soul. The next person in line might ask the same question and get a different ruling.” Norman Kret confirms this. “One Shabbos, a local Jewish merchant walked into Papa’s shul. ‘Look,’ he said nervously, ‘today is my father’s yahrtzeit and I’d like to lead the prayers. But you’ll probably say no because I’m not a Sabbath observer.’ Papa gazed at the man and replied, ‘Go ahead. I know one day you’ll keep Shabbos.’ Today that man is a renowned philanthropist—and a Sabbath observer.”

Rabbi Kret’s generosity of spirit extended beyond the walls of Old Broadway Synagogue. He was constantly writing checks for charitable causes, even when the causes closest to home (notably the “hoil happeal” to keep his tiny shul warm) were left wanting. Terry asserts that no person
“Richie, You Are My Talmid!”

Jewish educator Rabbi Richard Fagan owes so much to Rabbi Kret. “My wife and I came from secular Jewish homes. We had never met anyone quite like Rabbi Kret. Raised in the skeptical modern world, we marveled at his faith. He put his stamp, his personality, his special twinkle on everything he did—and he changed our lives. We had many teachers whom we respected. Rabbi Kret, we loved.

“His explanations were clear. His patience was amazing. Through him, not only the text, but the world of the Gemara came alive. In his Yiddish intonations, in the names and stories of his teachers, the Torah world of pre-war Poland still lived. He knew what each of his students needed: which extra gemara we should learn, which halachah, which musar sefer.

“A few months before our wedding, Rabbi Kret took us aside and said, ‘I know you are just starting out. Mrs. Kret can lend you some of her dishes.’ We were aghast. Just the year before we had been eating cheeseburgers! What if we made a mistake with their things? We didn’t take the dishes, but his generosity and faith in us, even at that stage in our lives, was incredible. When I asked him about minhagim, Rabbi Kret said, ‘Richie, follow the minhag of your family.’ I answered, ‘Rabbi Kret, the minhag of my family is to eat a ham and cheese sandwich!’ He gave me a look, he gave me a smile and he said, ‘All right, so not that minhag.’ A day or two later, he stammered, ‘If you wouldn’t mind … you could take some of my family’s minhagim.’ Mind? I was honored. I still am.

“But more than any other, this memory crystallizes how Rabbi Kret affected us, and affects me as a Jewish teacher today. We were newlyweds, and as Purim approached, my wife baked mandelbread for shalach manot. We wanted to bring some to the Krets but we wondered, ‘Are they really going to eat from our kitchen?’ So I called first, and Rabbi Kret’s daughter said, ‘Bring it right over.’ When we got there, we found Rabbi Kret pacing up and down the hallway, tears streaming down his face. I grabbed his hands. ‘Rabbi, what’s the matter?’ And he said to me, ‘What do you think I am, that you would think I wouldn’t trust you? You are my talmid! If I don’t trust my talmid, who am I going to trust?’ And he grabbed three cookies, made a berachah and jammed them into his mouth. Did I learn more in that moment than I could have learned in a hundred years?”

or organization was turned away. “What’s more,” he says, “the shopkeepers of Harlem—Jew and non-Jew alike—gave Rabbi Kret charity. They literally chased after him to support his causes.”

Norman Kret was never surprised by this phenomenon. “Papa wasn’t selectively nice,” he explains. “It didn’t matter whether you were a janitor or a judge. He knew you were entitled to his respect.” Rabbi Charles Sheer, Columbia University’s Jewish chaplain from 1969 to 2004, visited the Barnard cafeteria in 2006, nine years after Rabbi Kret, its longtime mashgiach (kashrut supervisor), had retired. “Six Hispanic kitchen workers rushed over to me to inquire about the welfare of ‘the little rabbi.’”

Betzalel Mezei, Rabbi Kret’s grandson, recalls, “One day, Zaide arrives at Old Broadway and comes to a halt. Something looks different. The entire brick facade of the shul has been steam cleaned. A man approaches and asks, ‘Yo, Rabbi, how do you like it?’ Zaide replies, ‘It’s beautiful. How much do I owe you?’ ‘Nothing, Rabbi,’ the man says. ‘I just wanted to see the look on your face.’”

The look on his face belied the hell he had endured in Europe. “Our apartment was always filled with guests and good humor,” says Miriam Mezei, Rabbi Kret’s daughter. “But when he felt I was old enough, my father told me how his Soviet captors ripped his two semichas [certificates of rabbinic ordination], his tefillin and his manuscript of Talmudic commentary before his eyes. Still, if anything, the war strengthened his faith. In his barracks, he taught entire tractates of Talmud from memory.”

Dr. Kaplowitz remembers the last time he saw Rabbi Kret. “It was February 2006. He was frail. He said he was worried that, as a result of several mini-strokes he had endured, his memory was now deficient. But what he forgot, most people never learned. And what he retained, most people never acquired.”

One year later (on the nineteenth of Shevat, 5767), ninety-seven years after Rabbi Kret’s pure, sweet soul descended from on high, it returned to its heavenly abode. The gates were wide open; no need to pick a lock. I can imagine the fanfare. And I can imagine an embarrassed Rabbi Kret gently chiding the welcoming committee: “So, why are you hannouncing?”

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